

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 1907/2006/EC (REACH, as amended by 830/2015/EU) and 29 CFR 1910.1200

Supplier:

Revision date: 28 January 2016 Initial date of issue: 28 January 2016 SDS No. 108EUB

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

601 EU Chain Drive Pin & Bushing Lubricant (Bulk)

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Petroleum base lubricant.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST)

SDS requests: www.chesterton.com

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23,

D85737 Ismaning, Germany - Tel. +49-89-996-5460

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect)

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## 2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

## 2.1.2. Classification according to WHMIS 1988

Not controlled

## 2.1.3. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

#### 2.1.4. Additional information

None

## 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

**Hazard statements:** H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Precautionary statements:** P301/310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None

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#### 2.3. Other hazards

None

#### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

~ ~	
37	Mixtures

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Hazardous Ingredients <sup>1</sup>	% Wt.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic*	70-80	64742-52-5 265-155-0	01-211946 7170-45	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether phosphate	0.1-1	39464-69-2	NA	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Other ingradients:				

Other ingredients:

Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13- 5-10 108419-35-8 NA Not classified rich 283-740-9

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

<sup>1</sup> Classified according to: \* 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65

\* 1272/2008/EC, REACH

\* WHMIS 2015

\* Safe Work Australia [NOHSC: 1008 (2004)]

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

**Skin contact:** Wash skin with soap and water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema. Direct eye contact may cause eye irritation. High vapor concentration can cause eye and respiratory irritation, headache and dizziness. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause skin irritation.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon Dioxide, dry chemical or foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

 $Cool\ exposed\ containers\ with\ water.\ Recommend\ Firefighters\ wear\ self-contained\ breathing\ apparatus.$ 

Flammability Classification: -

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 3

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Cordon off spill area. Surfaces can be slippery. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

<sup>\*</sup>Contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346.

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#### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry area.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSH	A PEL <sup>1</sup>	ACGI	H TLV <sup>2</sup>	UK	WEL <sup>3</sup>	AUSTR	ALIA ES4
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Oil mist, mineral	_	5	_	5	_	_	_	5
Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether phosphate	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Oxo-Alcohol Acetic Acid Ester*	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering measures

No special requirements. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate ventilation.

## 8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use a half or full-face respirator with combined

dust/organic vapour filter (EN filter type A/P).

**Protective gloves:** Chemical resistant gloves (e.g. Viton\*, neoprene, nitrile). \*DuPont's registered trademark.

**Eye and face protection:** Safety goggles or glasses.

Other: Impervious gloves and clothing as necessary for repetitive, prolonged contact with liquid.

## 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

<sup>\*</sup>Chesterton recommended limit, 8 hr TWA: 50 ppm, 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003].

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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical statelow viscosity liquidOdourmild petroleum odorColouramberOdour thresholdnot determinedInitial boiling point220°C (428°F)Vapour pressure @ 20°Cnot determined

Melting point not determined % Aromatics by weight < 1%

% Volatile (by volume) 9% pH

Relative density Flash point 144°C (290°F) 0.9 kg/l 7.5 lbs/gal. Method PM Closed Cup Weight per volume Viscosity 28 cps @ 25°C Coefficient (water/oil) < 1 **Autoignition temperature** not determined Vapour density (air=1) > 1

Decomposition temperature not determined vapour density (an=1) < 1
Upper/lower flammability or not determined Solubility in water > 1

Vapour density (an=1) < 1

Solubility in water > 1

Solubility in water > 1

explosive limits

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable Oxidising properties not determined

Explosive properties not determined

9.2. Other information

Kinematic viscosity at 40°C: 16.8 mm<sup>2</sup>/s.

## **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames and red hot surfaces.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Caustics, strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide and other toxic fumes.

### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Primary route of exposure** Inhalation, skin and eye contact. **under normal use:** 

Acute toxicity -

Oral: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg, estimated
heavy naphthenic		
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters,	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg
C13-rich		

**Dermal:** Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LD50, rat	> 2000 mg/kg, estimated
heavy naphthenic		
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters,	LD50, rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
C13-rich		_

not applicable

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Inhalation: High vapor concentration can cause eve and respiratory irritation, headache and dizziness.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5 mg/l, estimated
heavy naphthenic		

Skin corrosion/irritation: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defat the skin and cause skin irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Skin irritation, rabbit	< 0.5 / 8.0, estimated
heavy naphthenic		
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-	Skin irritation, rabbit	Slightly irritating
rich		

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Direct eye contact may cause eye irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated	Eye irritation, rabbit	< 15 / 110, estimated
heavy naphthenic		
Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-	Eye irritation	Slightly irritating
rich	-	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: Skin sensitization is indicated as nonsensitizing based on data from similar products. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: did not produce any evidence of skin irritation or skin sensitization response in a repeated insult patch test in human volunteers.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: this substance is considered non-mutagenic and has a negative potential for tumor development based on results from the Modified Ames Assay, with a Mutagenic Index of less than 1.0. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to be non-mutagenic based on data from similar materials.

Carcinogenicity:

As per 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication), this product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Reproductive toxicity:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich, maternal NOAEL, rat: 500 mg/kg/day; developmental NOAEL, rat: 2500 mg/kg/day.

STOT-single exposure:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: no data available.

STOT-repeated exposure:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich, NOAEL, 90-day oral subchronic

study, rat: 500 mg/kg/day.

**Aspiration hazard:** 

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

None

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: available data indicate this product is not acutely toxic. Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether phosphate: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (algae, based on data from similar materials.).

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: 31% biodegradation (OECD 301F, 28 days). Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to biodegrade slowly in soil and water. Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether phosphate: readily biodegradable.

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#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: not expected to bioaccumulate. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to bioaccumulate. Polyoxyethylene oleyl ether phosphate: no data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Low viscosity liquid. Slightly soluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: large volumes may penetrate soil and contaminate groundwater. Acetic acid, C11-14-isoalkyl esters, C13-rich: expected to have high affinity for adsorption to soil and sediments

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Free product should be incinerated or may be amenable to fuels blending. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement. This product is not classified as a hazardous waste according to 2008/98/EC.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE TDG: NOT APPLICABLE US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:
TDG:
US DOT:

NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED
NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED
NON-HAZARDOUS, NON REGULATED

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE TDG: NOT APPLICABLE US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE TDG: NOT APPLICABLE US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.5. Environmental hazards

NOT APPLICABLE

14.6. Special precautions for user

NOT APPLICABLE

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

**NOT APPLICABLE** 

14.8. Other information

NOT APPLICABLE

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## 15.1.1. EU regulations

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

Other EU regulations: None 15.1.2. National regulations

## US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards: 313 Chemicals:

Immediate None

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Other national regulations: None 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Abbreviations ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

and acronyms: ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance (O)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada) US DOT: United States Department of Transportation vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

**Key literature references** Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CSST) **and sources for data:** Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Substances Information System (HSIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	On basis of components and test data

**Relevant H-statements:** H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation. H318: Causes serious eye damage. H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Health hazard

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Initial date of issue.

**Revision date:** 28 January 2016 **Further information:** None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.